Stanford

Prashanth Krishnamohan, MD

Clinical Associate Professor, Neurology & Neurological Sciences

• Clinical Associate Professor (By courtesy), Neurosurgery

CLINICAL OFFICE (PRIMARY)

 Stanford ValleyCare Neurology 5575 W Las Positas Blvd Ste 130 Pleasanton, CA 94588 Tel (925) 263-5588 Fax (925) 263-5693

Bio

BIO

Dr. Krishnamohan is a board-certified, fellowship-trained neurologist. He is a clinical assistant professor of neurology and neurological sciences and, by courtesy, of neurosurgery at Stanford University School of Medicine. In addition, he is Medical Director of the Neurosciences Service Line at Stanford Health Care – ValleyCare and is Medical Director of its Stroke program.

Dr. Krishnamohan excels in the diagnosis and treatment of neurological conditions. His clinical interests include the management of stroke, epilepsy, concussion, and coma. With every patient, his goal is to provide personalized care designed to optimize neurological function for the best possible clinical outcome and quality of life.

He has published extensively on topics including innovations in stroke care quality management and measurement, rapid bedside evaluation of seizures in the ICU, and EEG metrics in comatose cardiac arrest patients. Articles by Dr. Krishnamohan have appeared in Neuroanesthesia and Neurocritical Care, Quality Management in Healthcare, Current Infectious Disease Reports, and other journals. He has presented his research findings at the annual meetings of the Neurocritical Care Society and American Academy of Neurology.

He has authored chapters on post-concussive syndrome, stroke, and other conditions for the guidebook Ferri's Clinical Advisor. In addition, he is a reviewer for the Journal of Neurology, Neuroscience Nursing, Neurohospitalist, and the Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery, and Psychiatry.

Dr. Krishnamohan has won recognition from Stanford Health Care, the Institute for Healthcare Improvement Open School, the University of Kentucky College of Medicine, and PSG Institute of Medical Sciences and Research – the latter two his alma maters.

Dr. Krishnamohan is a member of the Neurocritical Care Society, American Academy of Neurology, and American Heart Association/American Stroke Association. He volunteers as a community health educator with numerous organizations.

CLINICAL FOCUS

Neurocritical Care

ACADEMIC APPOINTMENTS

- Clinical Associate Professor, Neurology & Neurological Sciences
- Clinical Associate Professor (By courtesy), Neurosurgery

PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION

- Board Certification: Neurocritical Care, United Council for Neurologic Subspecialties (2017)
- Board Certification: Vascular Neurology, American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology (2018)
- Fellowship: Stanford University Vascular Neurology Fellowship (2017) CA
- Fellowship: Stanford University Neurocritical Care and Stroke Fellowship (2017) CA
- Board Certification: Neurology, American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology (2015)
- Residency: University of Kentucky GME Office Verifications (2015) KY
- Medical Education: PSG Institute of Medical Sciences and Research (2007) India

LINKS

Get a Second Opinion: https://stanfordhealthcare.org/second-opinion/overview.html

Publications

PUBLICATIONS

• Improved access to rapid electroencephalography at a community hospital reduces inter-hospital transfers for suspected non-convulsive seizures *EPILEPTIC DISORDERS*

Madill, E., Gururangan, K., Krishnamohan, P. 2022; 24 (3): 507-516

• Improved access to rapid electroencephalography at a community hospital reduces inter-hospital transfers for suspected non-convulsive seizures. *Epileptic disorders : international epilepsy journal with videotape* Madill, E. S., Gururangan, K., Krishnamohan, P.

1800

- Cryptogenic new-onset refractory status epilepticus (NORSE) following blood transfusion in a patient with severe anemia. Epileptic disorders : international epilepsy journal with videotape
 Wu, C. K., Culbertson, C. J., Von Stein, E. L., Walia, S., Krishnamohan, P., Threlkeld, Z. D. 2021
- Cryptogenic new-onset refractory status epilepticus (NORSE) following blood transfusion in a patient with severe anemia Wu, C., Von Stein, E., Culbertson, C., Walia, S., Krishnamohan, P., Threlkeld, Z. LIPPINCOTT WILLIAMS & WILKINS.2020
- Rapid Bedside Evaluation of Seizures in the ICU by Listening to the Sound of Brainwaves: A Prospective Observational Clinical Trial of Ceribell's Brain Stethoscope Function. *Neurocritical care*

Hobbs, K., Krishnamohan, P., Legault, C., Goodman, S., Parvizi, J., Gururangan, K., Mlynash, M. 2018

• Quantitative EEG Metrics Differ Between Outcome Groups and Change Over the First 72 h in Comatose Cardiac Arrest Patients NEUROCRITICAL CARE

Wiley, S., Razavi, B., Krishnamohan, P., Mlynash, M., Eyngorn, I., Meador, K. J., Hirsch, K. G. 2018; 28 (1): 51–59

- Innovation in Stroke Care Quality: NIH Stroke Scale Change and Shewhart Charts *QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN HEALTH CARE* Dobbs, M. R., Krishnamohan, P., Jicha, G., Cohen, A. P. 2015; 24 (3): 135-139
- Spinal Epidural Abscess *CURRENT INFECTIOUS DISEASE REPORTS* Krishnamohan, P., Berger, J. R. 2014; 16 (11)
- Community-acquired Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus Prostatic Abscesses AMERICAN JOURNAL OF THE MEDICAL SCIENCES Krishnamohan, P., Schaninger, T., Baddour, L. M., Al-Hasan, M. N.

2013; 346 (4): 341-344